



WP2

Winter wheat based rotations

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Economic and environmental evaluation of IPM strategies

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IPM Innovation in Europe, Poznań, Poland, 15.01.201

Introduction

- Objectives and strategies
- Ex-ante assessment
 - DEXiPM
- Ex-Post assessment
 - Environmental assessment (SYNOPS, DEXiPM)
 - Economic assessment (cost-benefit-analyses)
- Take home messages

Objectives and strategies

- Objective:
 - assess the environmental and economic sustainability of the IPM strategies
- Methods:
 - SYNOPS pesticide risk assessment on station experimentation
 - Cost-Benefit-Assessment

based on data generated in the on-station experiments
- Strategies

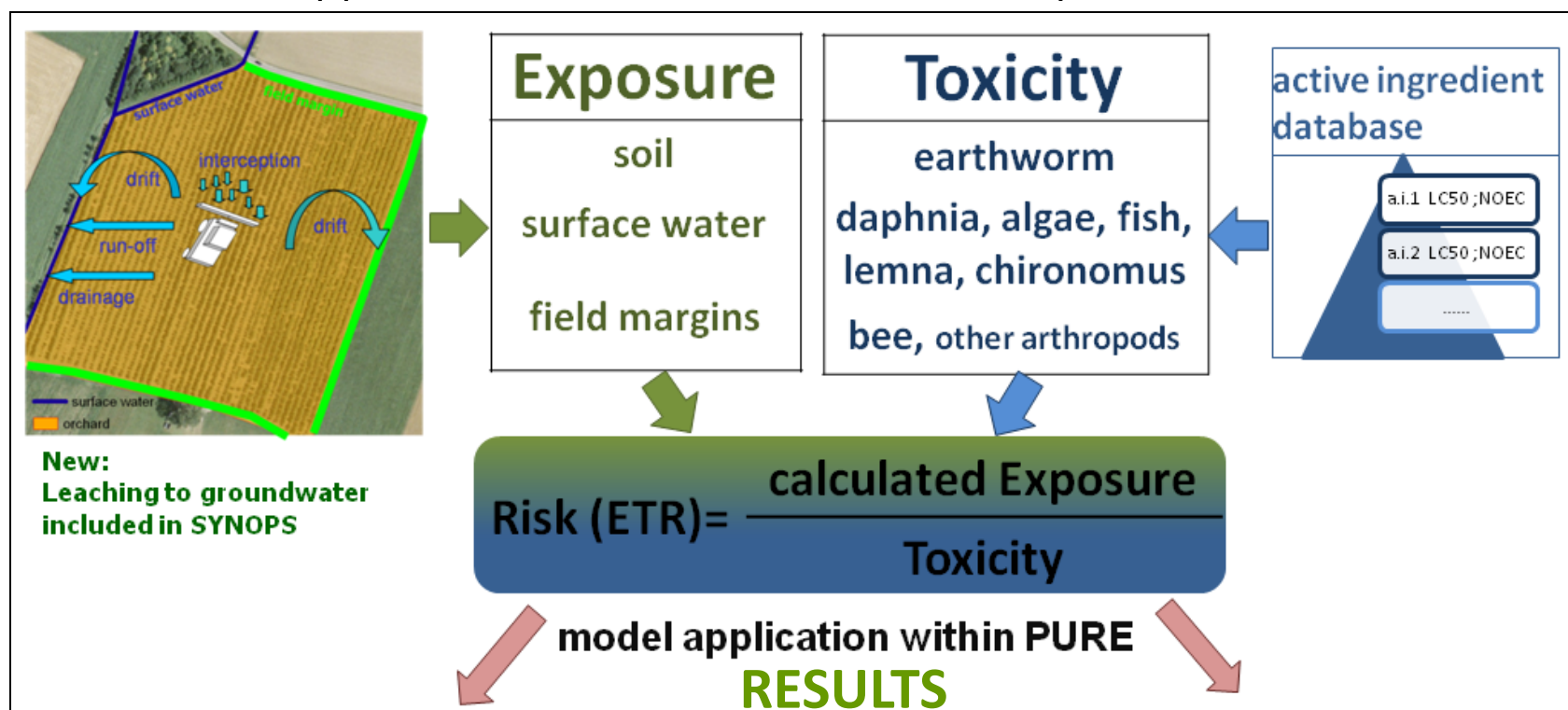
2012-14	Reference (CS)	Intermediate (IS)	Advanced (AS)
Balruddery (UK)	WW-WW-WSOR	SB-WW-WSOR	Pea-WW-WSOR
Flakkebjerg (DK)	WSOR-WW-WW	WSOR-WW-SB	WSOR-WW-SO
Winna Gora (PL)	WSOR-WW-WW	WSOR-WW-SB	WSOR-WW+cc-SB
Dahnsdorf (DE)	M-WW-WB	M+us-WW-WB	M+us-WW-WB+cc
Boigneville (FR)	SPea-WSOR-DW-SB-WW	BW-SL-DW-SB-WW	ALF-ALF-WW-SL-WFB-WW
Grignon (FR)	WSOR-WW-SPea-WW	WFB-WW-WSOR-WW-SB	SFB-WW-HE-TR-M-WW

Ex-ante and ex-post assessments

- Ex-ante assessment
 - first year ex-ante assessment with DEXiPM
 - annual regional stakeholder discussions
- Experimentation
- Ex-post assessments
 - Environmental evaluation
 - Environmental risk assessment (SYNOPS)
 - Environmental sustainability (DEXiPM)
 - Economic assessment
 - Cost – Benefit – Analysis (JRC)

Ex-post: SYNOPS environmental risk assessment

- Comparison of pesticide use strategies under field based environmental conditions
- Based on application scenarios of on-station experiments

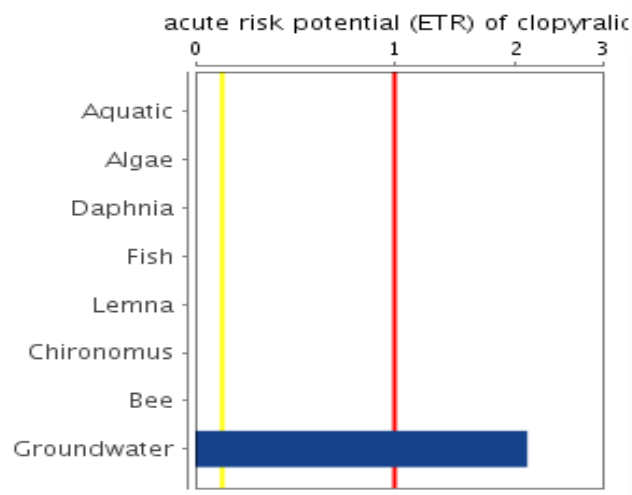
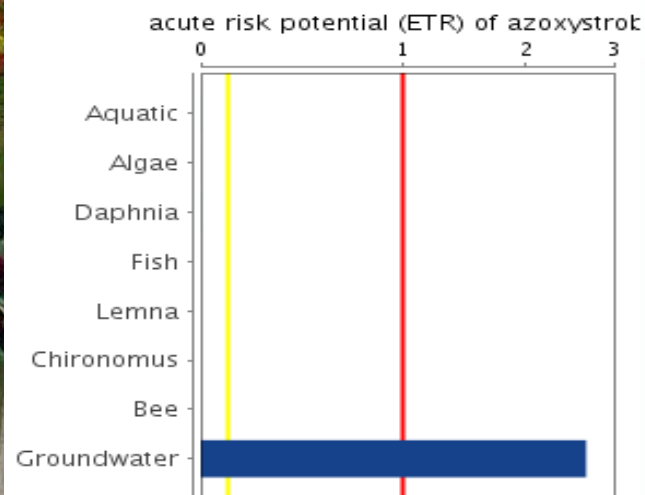


Four risk categories for	acute risk	chronic risk	groundwater	
very low risk	ETR<0.01	ETR<0.1		
low risk	0.01<ETR<0.1	0.1<ETR<1	ETR<1	no risk
medium risk	0.1<ETR<1	1<ETR<10	1<ETR<10	medium risk
high risk	ETR>1	ETR>10	ETR>10	high risk

Ex-post: SYNOPS: Results

- scenarios assumed 1m distance to water courses and neglected product related distance provisions

2012-14	Risk aquatic organisms		Risk groundwater	
	acute	chronic	acute	chronic
Dahnsdorf	CS>IS>AS	CS>AS>IS	CS>IS>AS	CS>IS>AS
Flakkebjerg	CS>IS>AS	CS>AS>IS	CS>AS>IS	CS>AS>IS
	azoxystrobin		clopyralid	
				CS>IS

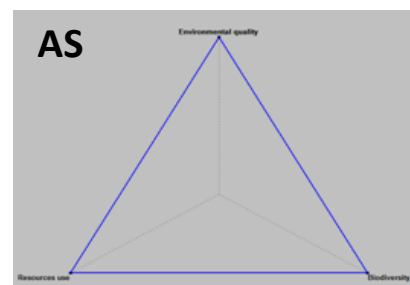
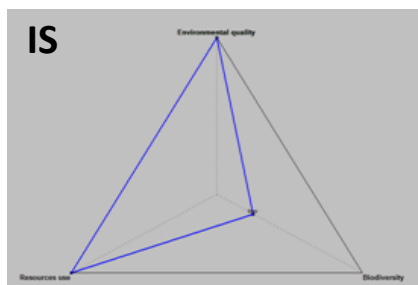
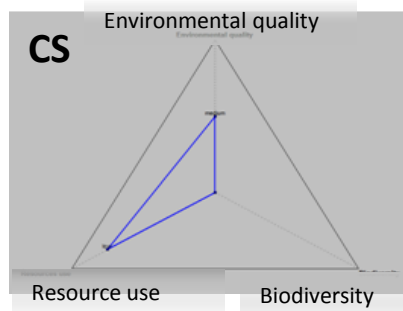


Four risk categories	
very low risk	green
low risk	light green
medium risk	yellow
high risk	red

Ex-post: DEXiPM - environmental sustainability

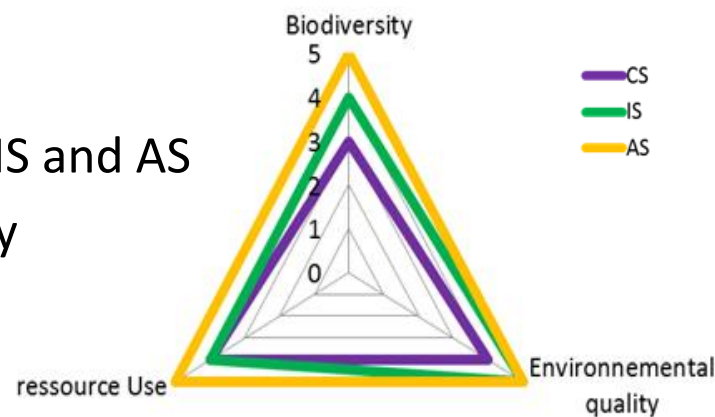
Grignon – INRA (2012-14)

- environmental sustainability increases **CS** (medium) to **IS**, **AS** (very-high)
 - Sustainability of resource use: **CS** (high) to **IS** and **AS** (very-high)
 - Environmental quality: **CS** (medium) to **IS** and **AS** (very-high)
 - Aerial, above-soil biodiversity: **CS** (very-low) to **IS** (low) to **AS** (very-high)



Boigneville – Arvalis (2012-14)

- environmental sustainability increases CS to IS and AS
 - IS: biodiversity and environmental quality
 - AS: for all 3 attributes

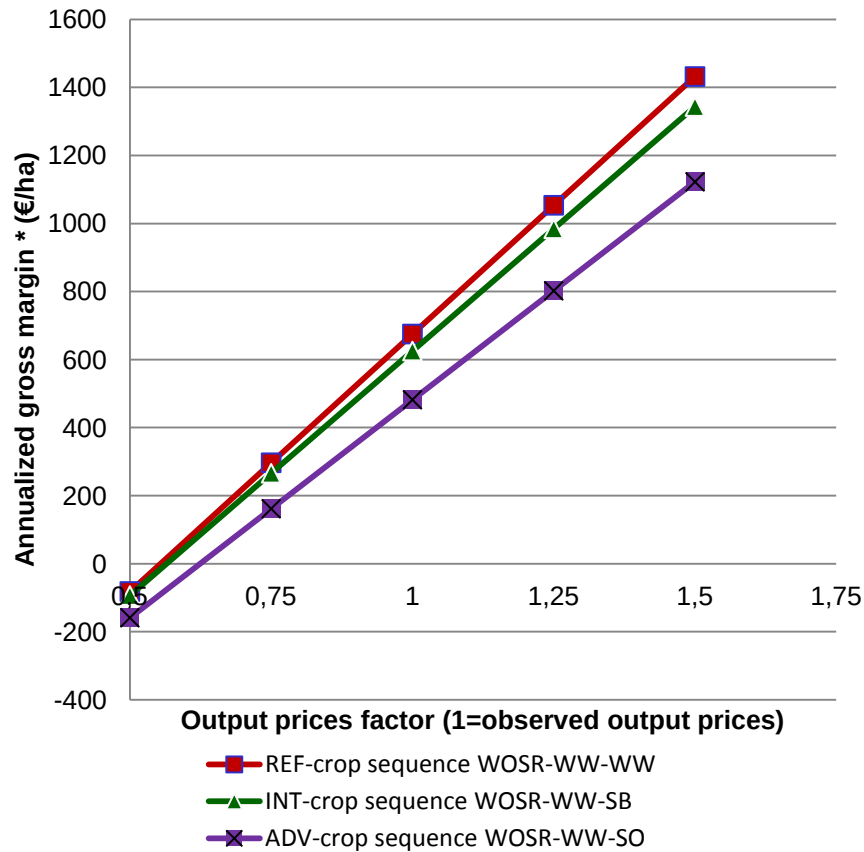


Ex-post: Cost – Benefit – Analysis

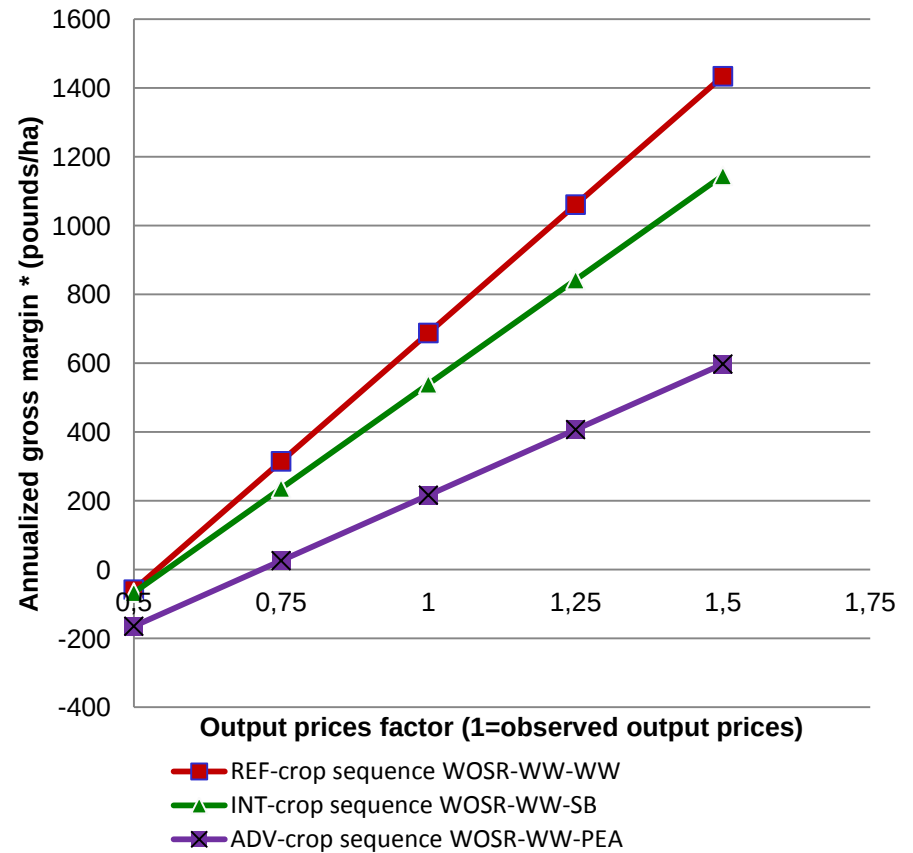
- Methods:
 - Annual economic assessment for each IPM system (rotation)
 - Financial evaluation of cost and benefits at farm level
 - Complete CBA
- ✓ Costs:
 - information on real costs is collected for all variable inputs
 - for operations contractor charges at regional level are used
- ✓ Benefits:
 - prices do not reflect national market prices but real crop prices, or the price usually paid in the region (if their output is not sold)
- Results:
 - annualized gross margin (averaged net gross margin and crops 2012-14)

Ex-post: CBA - Annualized gross margin

Flakkebjerg (AU - DK)

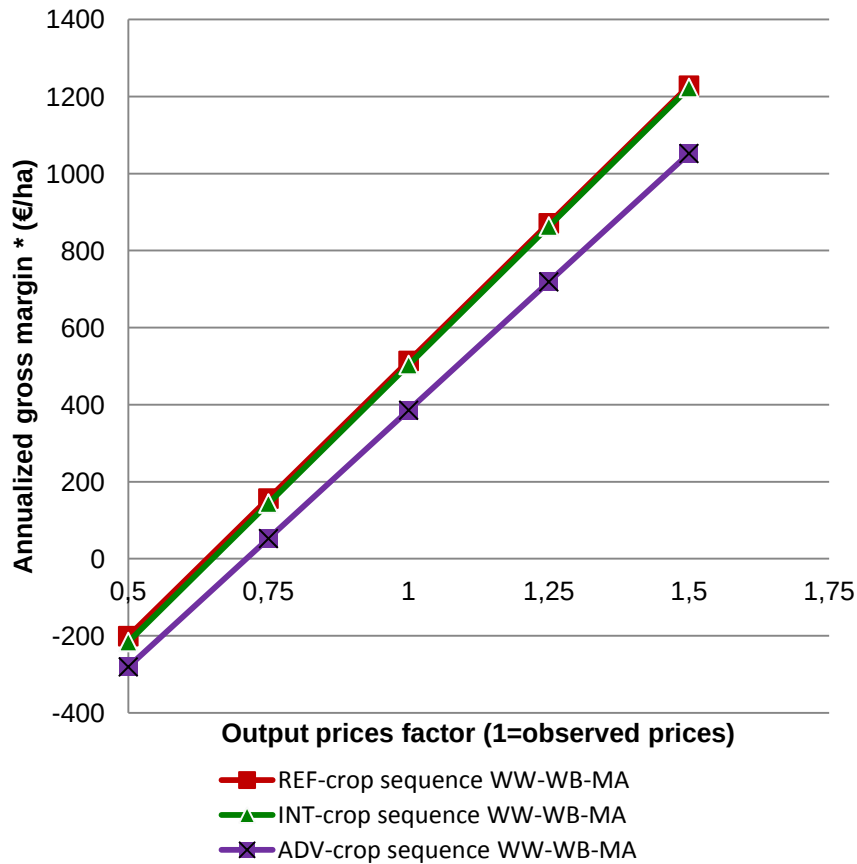


Balruddery (JHI - UK)

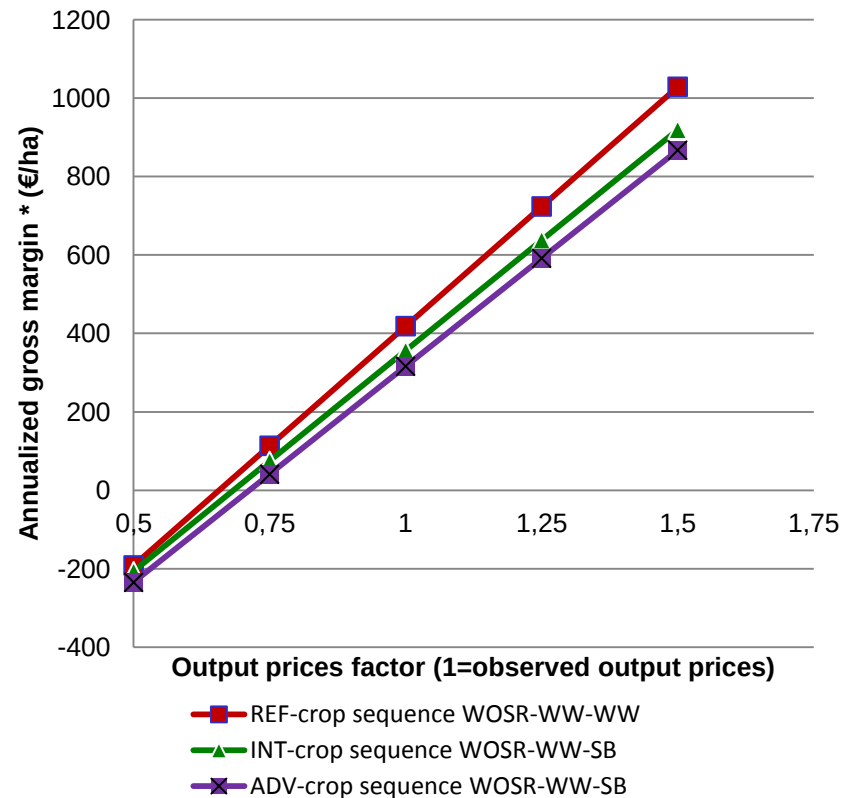


Ex-post: CBA - Annualized gross margin

Dahnsdorf (JKI – DE)

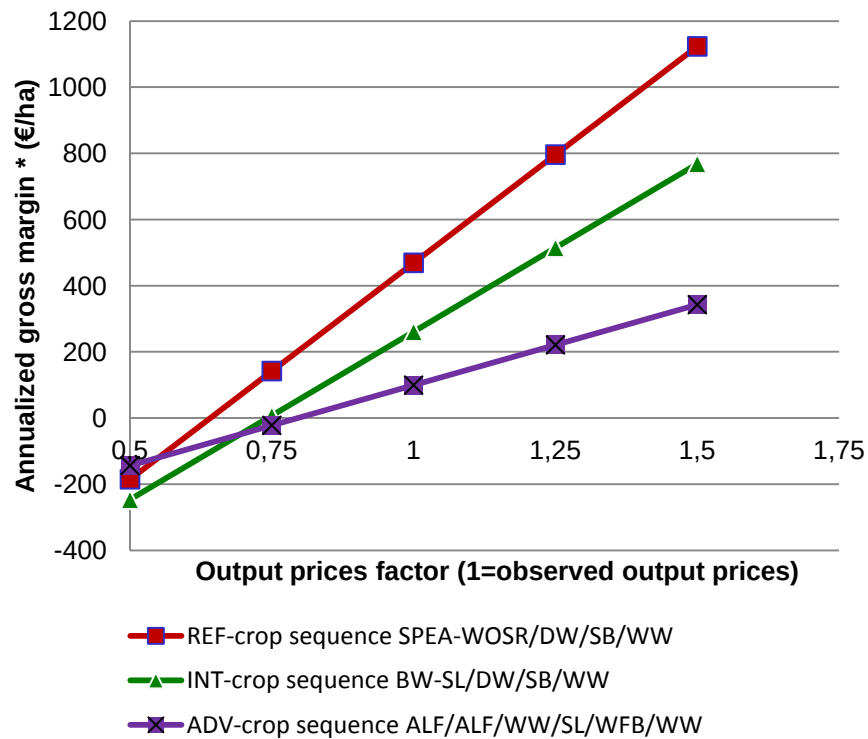


Winna Gora (IOR – PL)

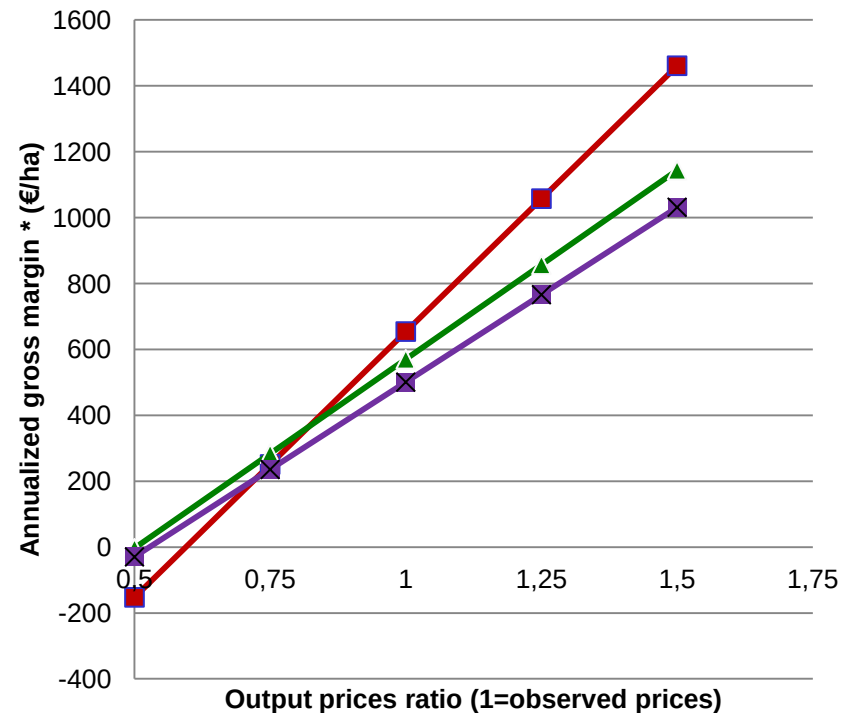


Ex-post: CBA - Annualized gross margin

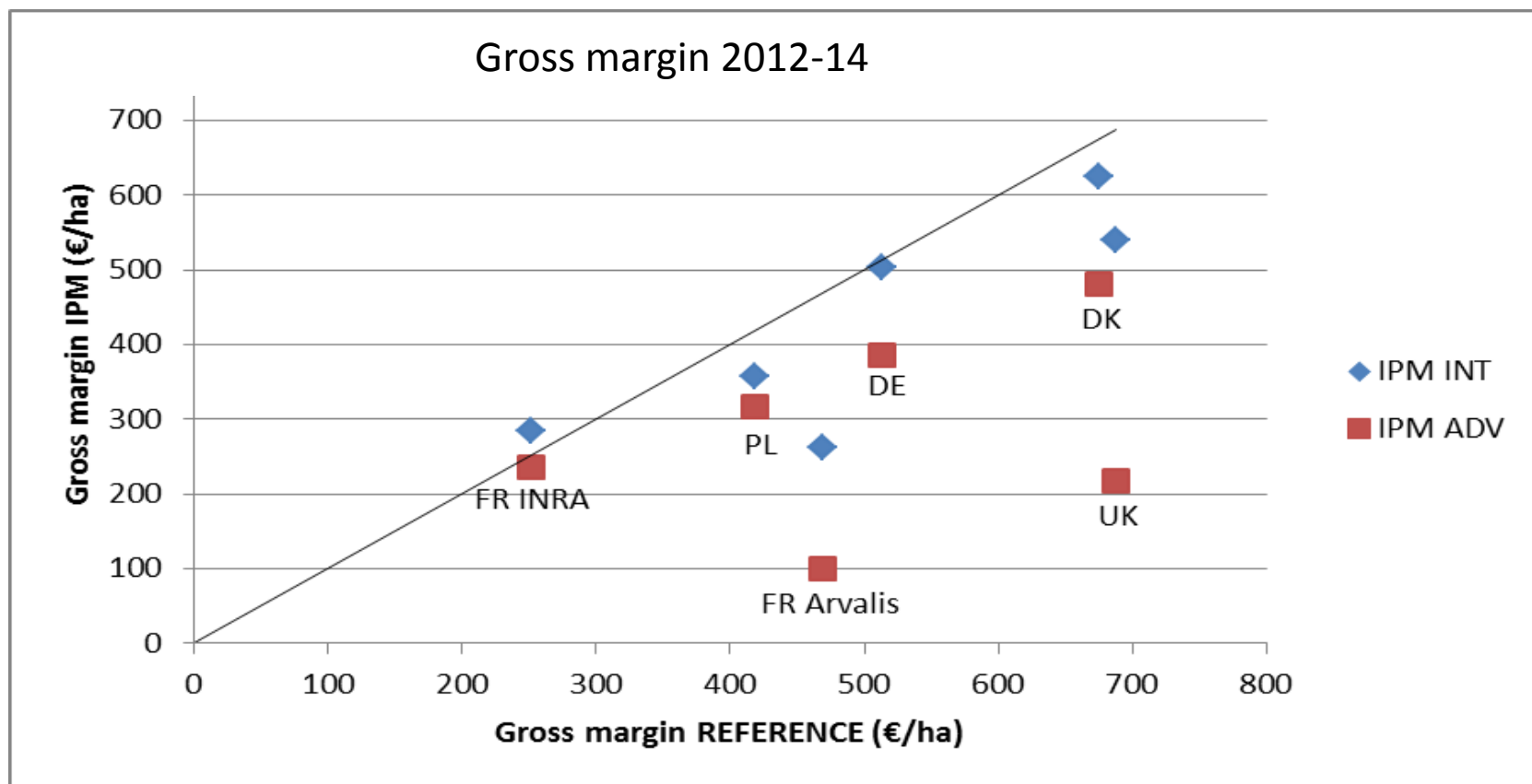
Boigneville (Arvalis - FR)



Grignon (INRA - FR)



Ex-post: CBA – Gross margin



- Small reduction of IS (INT) gross margin compared to CS (REF)
- Considerable reduction of AS (ADV) compared IS and CS

... in a nut shell

- Environmental risk assessment

- Shows across the analysed regions reduced risk potentials of both the IS and the AS compared to the CS
 - essential is pesticide selection rather than the dose rate
 - reduced pesticide dose rates can contribute to a risk reduction

- Economic assessment

Compared to optimised CS both the IS and the AS have lower gross margins,

- lower yields which are not compensated by lower costs and/or
- IPM premium prices



Thank you for your attention!



The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Union Seventh Framework Programme (FP7/ 2007-2013) under the grant agreement n°265865- PURE



Ex-post: DEXiPM - environmental sustainability

- INRA
- UK

